

CRM-91HE/UNI:8595188118958
CRM-91HE /UNI + potentiometer: 8595188142052 Potentiometer: 8595188125215

| Technical parameters | CRM-91HE |
| :---: | :---: |
| Number of functions: | 10 |
| Supply terminals: | A1-A2 |
| Voltage range: | AC/DC $12-240 \mathrm{~V}$ ( $\mathrm{AC} 50-60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) |
| Burden (max.): | 3 VA 1.7 W |
| Max. dissipated power: | 4 W (Un + terminals) |
| Supply voltage tolerance: | -15 \%; +10 \% |
| Supply indication: | green LED |
| Time ranges: | 0.1 s-10 days |
| Time setting: | rotary switch, external potentiometer |
| Time deviation: | 5\%-mechanical setting |
| Repeat accuracy: | 0.2 \% - set value stability |
| Temperature coefficient: | $0.01 \% /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, at $=20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(0.01 \% /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right.$, at $\left.=68{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ |
| Output |  |
| Number of contacts: | 1x changeover/SPDT (AgNi/Silver Alloy) |
| Current rating: | 16 A/AC1 |
| Breaking capacity: | 4000 VA/AC1, 384 W/DC |
| Inrush current: | $30 \mathrm{~A} /<3 \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Switching voltage: | 250 V AC/24V DC |
| Output indication: | multifunction red LED |
| Mechanical life: | 10.000 .000 ops. |
| Electrical life (AC1): | 100.000 ops. |
| Controlling |  |
| Control voltage: | AC/DC $12-240 \mathrm{~V}$ ( $\mathrm{AC} 50-60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) |
| Consumption of input: | AC 0.025-0.2 VA/DC 0.1-0.7 W |
| Load between S-A2: | Yes |
| Glow-tubes: | No |
| Control. terminals: | A1-S |
| Impulse length: | min. $25 \mathrm{~ms} / \mathrm{max}$. unlimited |
| Reset time: | max. 150 ms |
| Other information |  |
| Operating temperature: | $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-4^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right.$ to $\left.131{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ |
| Storage temperature: | $-30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-22^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right.$ to $\left.158{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ |
| Electrical strength: | 4 kV (supply - output) |
| Operating position: | any |
| Mounting: | DIN rail EN 60715 |
| Protection degree: | IP40 from front panel/IP20 terminals |
| Overvoltage category: | III. |
| Pollution degree: | 2 |

solid wire max. $1 \times 2.5$ or $2 \times 1.5$ / with sleeve max. $1 \times 2.5$ (AWG 12) $90 \times 17.6 \times 64 \mathrm{~mm}\left(3.5^{\prime \prime} \times 0.7^{\prime \prime} \times 2.5^{\prime \prime}\right)$

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75 \mathrm{~g}(2.6 \mathrm{oz} .)
$$

Weight:
Standards:
EN 61812-1

## Potentiometer

$47 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, linear
IP 65 from front side/IP20 from back side
1.5 with sleeve/without sleeve max. 2.5 (AWG 12)

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22 \mathrm{~g}(0.8 \mathrm{oz} .)
$$

see page Accessories

- Control by external control unit - potentiometer (can be placed/mounted for example on switch board doors or in panel).
- 10 functions:

5 time functions controlled by supply voltage
4 time functions controlled by control input
1 function of latching relay.

- Possible to connect external potentiometer - max. distance 10 m ( 32.8 ft .) from relay.


## Description



## Connection



## Symbol



## Function

For a description of the functions on page 15

## Function



ON DELAY
When the input voltage $U$ is applied, timing delay $t$ begins. Relay contacts $R$ change state after time delay is complete. Contacts R return to their shelf state when input voltage $U$ is removed. Trigger switch is not used in this function.
b


C


## FLASHER - OFF first

When input voltage $U$ is applied, time delay $t$ begins. When time delay $t$ is complete, relay contacts $R$ change state for time delay $t$. This cycle will repeat until input voltage $U$ is removed. Trigger switch is not used in this function.

## FLASHER - ON first

When input voltage $U$ is applied, relay contacts $R$ change state immediately and time delay $t$ begins. When time delay $t$ is complete, contacts return to their shelf state for time delay t . This cycle will repeat until input voltage $U$ is removed. Trigger switch is not used in this function.


SINGLE SHOT
Upon application of input voltage U , the relay is ready to accept trigger signal S. Upon application of the trigger signal $S$, the relay contacts $R$ transfer and the preset time $t$ begins. During time-out, the trigger signal S is ignored. The relay resets by applying the trigger switch $S$ when the relay is not energized.

## SINGLE SHOT falling edge

Upon application of input voltage $U$, the relay is ready to accept trigger signal S. Upon application of the trigger signal $S$, the relay contacts $R$ transfer and the preset time $t$ begins. At the end of the preset time $t$, the relay contacts R return to their normal condition unless the trigger switch $S$ is opened and closed prior to time out $t$ (before preset time elapses). Continuous cycling of the trigger switch S at a rate faster than the preset time will cause the relay contacts $R$ to remain closed. If input voltage $U$ is removed, relay contacts R return to their shelf state.

## ON/OFF DELAY

Input voltage $U$ must be applied continuously, When trigger switch $S$ is closed, time delay $t$ begins. When time delay $t$ is complete, relay contacts $R$ change state and remain transferred until trigger switch $S$ is opened. If input voltage $U$ is removed, relay contacts $R$ return to their shelf state.

## MEMORY LATCH

Input voltage $U$ must be applied continuously Output changes state with every trigger switch $S$ closure. If input voltage $U$ is removed, relay contacts R return to their shelf state.

## PULSE GENERATOR 0.5 s

Upon application of input voltage $U$, a single output pulse of 0.5 seconds is delivered to relay after time delay t . Power must be removed and reapplied to repeat pulse. Trigger switch is not used in this function.

